

Class : 10th STD
Subject: SOCIALSCIENCE
Question : Type A



NEW BHARATH MATRIC HR SEC SCHOOL

THIRUVARUR

Date : 27-12-2019
Time : 2.30 Hrs
Roll No:
Maximum Marks: 148

Instructions:

- (i) Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the hall supervisor immediately.
- (ii) Use Black or Blue ink to write and pencil to draw diagram

Choose correct Answer:
ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

PART - I

30 x 1 = 30

1. What are the three major empires shattered by the end of First world war?
a) Germany,Austria-Hungary,and the ottomans b) Germany,Aystria-Hungary,and Russia c) Spain,portugal and Italy d) Germany,Austria-Hungary,Italy
2. Where did the Ethiopian army defeat the Italian army?
a) Delville. b) Orange state c) Adowa d) Algiers.
3. Which country emerged as the strongest in East Asia towards the close fo nineteeth century?
a) China b) Japan c) Korea d) Monogolia
4. Who said imperialism is the highest stage of capitalism?
a) Lenin b) Marx c) Sun Yat-sen d) Mao Tsetung
5. What is the Battle of Marne remebered for?
a) air warfare b) trench warfare c) submarine warfare d) ship warfare.
6. Which country after the world war I took to a policy of isolation?
a) Britain b) France c) Germany d)USA.
7. To which country did the first secretary General of League of Nations belongs?
a) Britain b) France c) Dutch d)USA
8. Which country was expelled from the League of Nations for attacking Finland?
a) Germany b) Russia c) Ltaly d) France
9. i) Italy remained a neutral country when the World war broke out.
ii) Italy was mcuh disappointed over the peace settlement as versailles.
iii) The Treaty of serves was signed with Italy.
iv) Italy was dinied even small place such as Trieste,Istria and the south Tyrol.
a) i and ii.are correct b) iii is correct c) iv is correct d) i,iii,and iv,are correct.
10. i) The Turkish Empire contained many non-Turkish people in the Balkans.
ii) Turkey fought on the side of the central power.
iii) Britain attached Turkey and captured constantinople
iv) Turkeys attempt to attack suez canal but were repulsed.
a) i and ii are correct b) i and iii is correct c) iv is correct d) i,ii,and iv are correct
11. Assertion: Germany and the united states were producing cheaper manufactured goods and capturing Englands markets.
Reason: Both the countries produced required raw material for their industries.

- Both A and R
a) are correct
- A is right but R is not
b) the correct reason
- Both A and R
c) are wrong
- d) R is right but it has no relevance to A
12. Assertion: The first European attempts to carve out colonies in Africa resulted in bloody battles.
Reasons: There was stiff resistance from the native population
Both A and R
a) are correct
- A is right but R is not
b) the correct reason.
- Both A and R
c) are wrong
- d) R is right but it has no relevance to A.
13. The ___ Revolution was the biggest outcome of the First World War.
a) German b) Russian c) French d) Dutch
14. ___ produced huge contrasts
a) Colonialism b) Nationalism c) Imperialism d) Capitalism
15. Japan defeated China in the ___ war.
a) Sino-japanese b) Russo-japanese c) Chino-japanese d) Capitalism
16. The downfall of the Manchu Dynasty took place in ___
a) 1912 b) 1910 c) 1895 d) 1945
17. The British lost to ___ of Africa in 1879.
a) Sudanese b) Zulus c) Mongols d) None of the above.
18. In 1900 five of the ___ great powers were divided into two armed camps
a) European b) German c) Russian d) Italian
19. The Anglo-Japanese Alliance resulted in the ___
a) Triple Entente b) Triple Alliance c) Entente cordiale d) None of the above
20. France lost Alsace and Lorraine to the ___
a) British b) Russians c) Germans d) Italian
21. The ___ empire extended over the Balkans and across Hungary to Poland
a) Balkan b) European c) Ottoman d) Russian
22. The second Balkan war ended in ___
a) August 1913 b) May 1913 c) June 1912 d) August 1912
23. ___ agreed to enter the war against the central powers in return for its territory.
a) Turkey b) Bulgaria c) Austria d) None of the above
24. ___ of Russia arranged for the peace conference
a) Lenin b) Tsar Nicholas II c) Karl Marx d) Bismarck
25. The battle of ___ is known for Trench Warfare.

- a) Tannenberg b) Balkan c) Japan d) Marne
- 26 . Britain lost 20,000 men in the Battle of ____
- a) Tannenberg b) marne c) somme d) Balkan
- 27 . In 1916, the naval battle ____ took place in the North sea.
- a) Battle of Verdun b) Battle of somme c) Battle of jutland d) Battle of Marne
- 28 . The American ship ____ was torpedoed by German submarine.
- a) Luftwaffe b) Lusitania c) Emden d) None of the above
- 29 . Germany surrendered in ____
- a) November 1918 b) September 1919 c) December 1919 d) November 1919.
- 30 . The rebirth of ____ could be attributed to kemal pasha.
- a) Germany b) Turkey c) Italy d) Dutch

PART - II

14 x 2 = 28

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

31. How do you assess the importance of sino-japanese war?
32. Name the countries in the Triple Entente:
33. What were the three militant forms of nationalism in Europe?
34. What do you know of trench warfare?
35. What was the role of Mustafa Kemal Pasha?
36. Highlight the global influence of Russian Revolution?
37. List out any two causes for the failure of the League of Nations.
38. Describe war in the western or French Front.
39. What was the fate of the colonies of Germany in Africa?
40. Explain the Battle of Verdun.
41. Enumerate the Austro-German coordination.
42. Describe the Armistice and the Treaty of Versailles.
43. What led to the failure of the Treaty of Versailles?
44. What was the common outcome of the first world war worldwide?

PART - IV

18 x 5 = 90

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 45 . Imperialism
- 46 . German Emperor
- 47 . Balkan Wars
- 48 . Discuss the main causes of the first world War.***
- 49 . Highlight the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles relating to Germany.
- 50 . Explain the course of the Russian revolution under the leadership of Lenin.
- 51 . Estimate the work done by the League of Nations, pointing out the reasons for its failure.
- 52 . Rise of Japan:

